

# **IMPEDANCE AND RESPONSE MEASUREMENTS**

## **ON TYPE 43 SUPPRESSION CORES AND TOROID**

Jacques Audet  
VE2AZX  
Sept. 2023

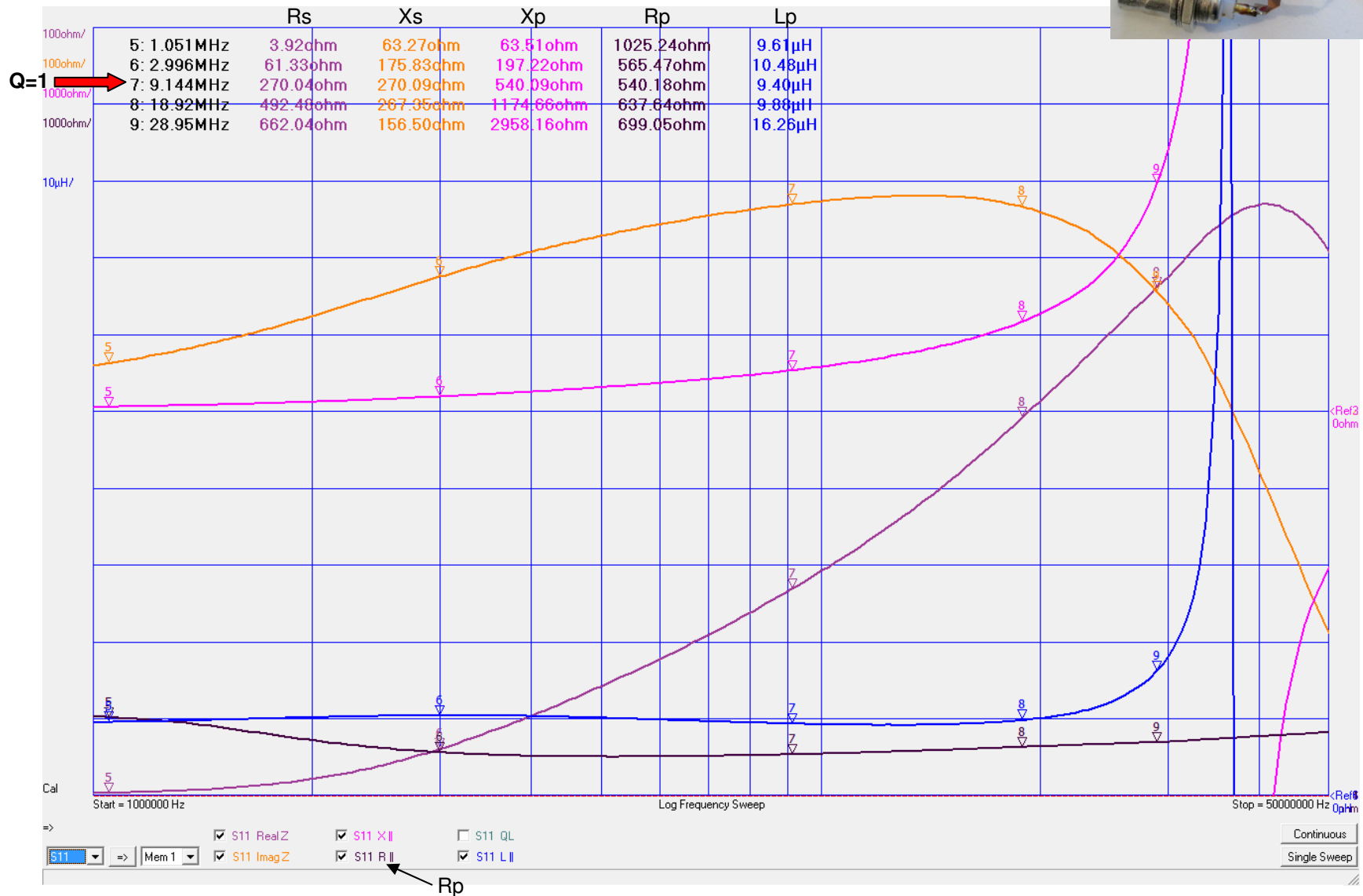
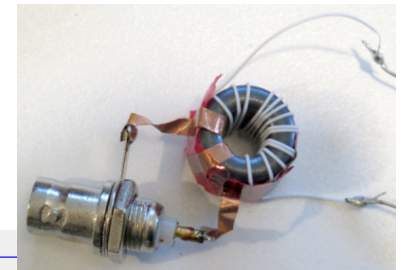
Ref.: Impedance Comparisons-Suppressor vs Toroid.xls  
Inductors M and K Calculations.xls

## MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite SUPPRESSION Core Two cores 2 Turns #43 Material

# 2643625002 0.625 x 0.311 x 0.563 in.

1934-1354-ND \$1.08 CDN 70 ohms @ 25M 6.6 uH @ 2 T  $A_e = 57.2 \times 2 = 114 \text{ mm}^2$ .



## MEASURED RESPONSE

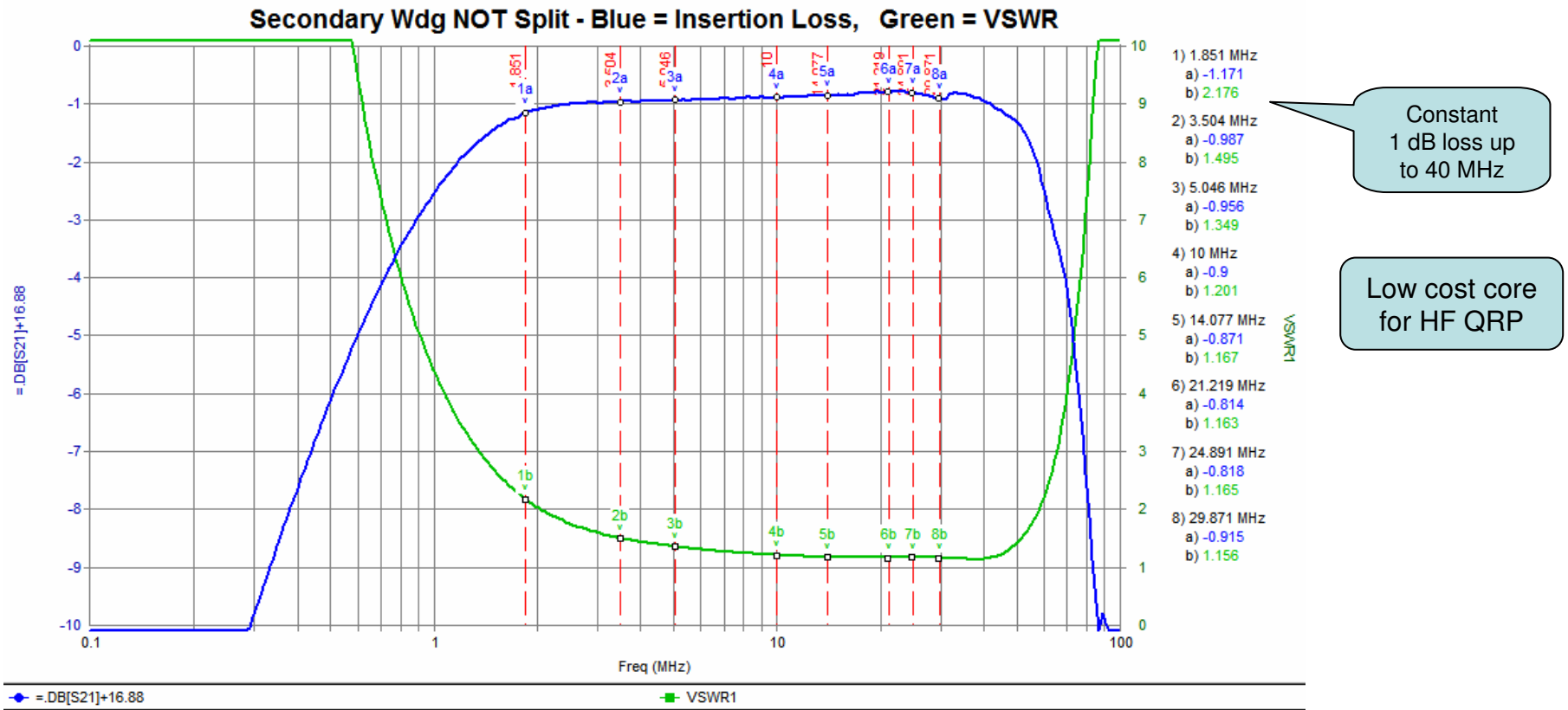
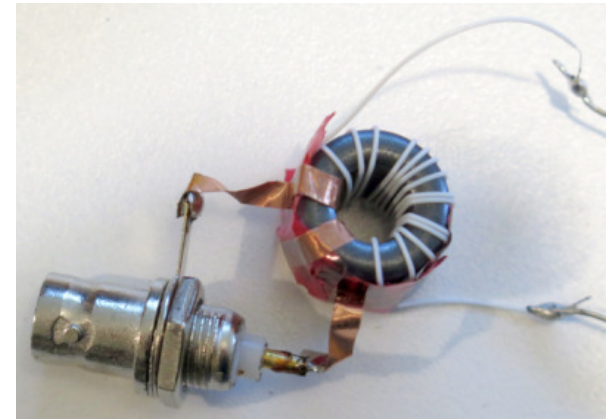
FAIR-RITE # 2643625002 SUPPRESSION Core

51 pF on primary

Max power: 6 Watts @ 3.5 MHz

Floating Output-Continuous Secondary **ONE core only**

Primary L = 4.8  $\mu$ H 2 Turns, 0.1 in. strip, Sec. 14 Turns #30 AWG



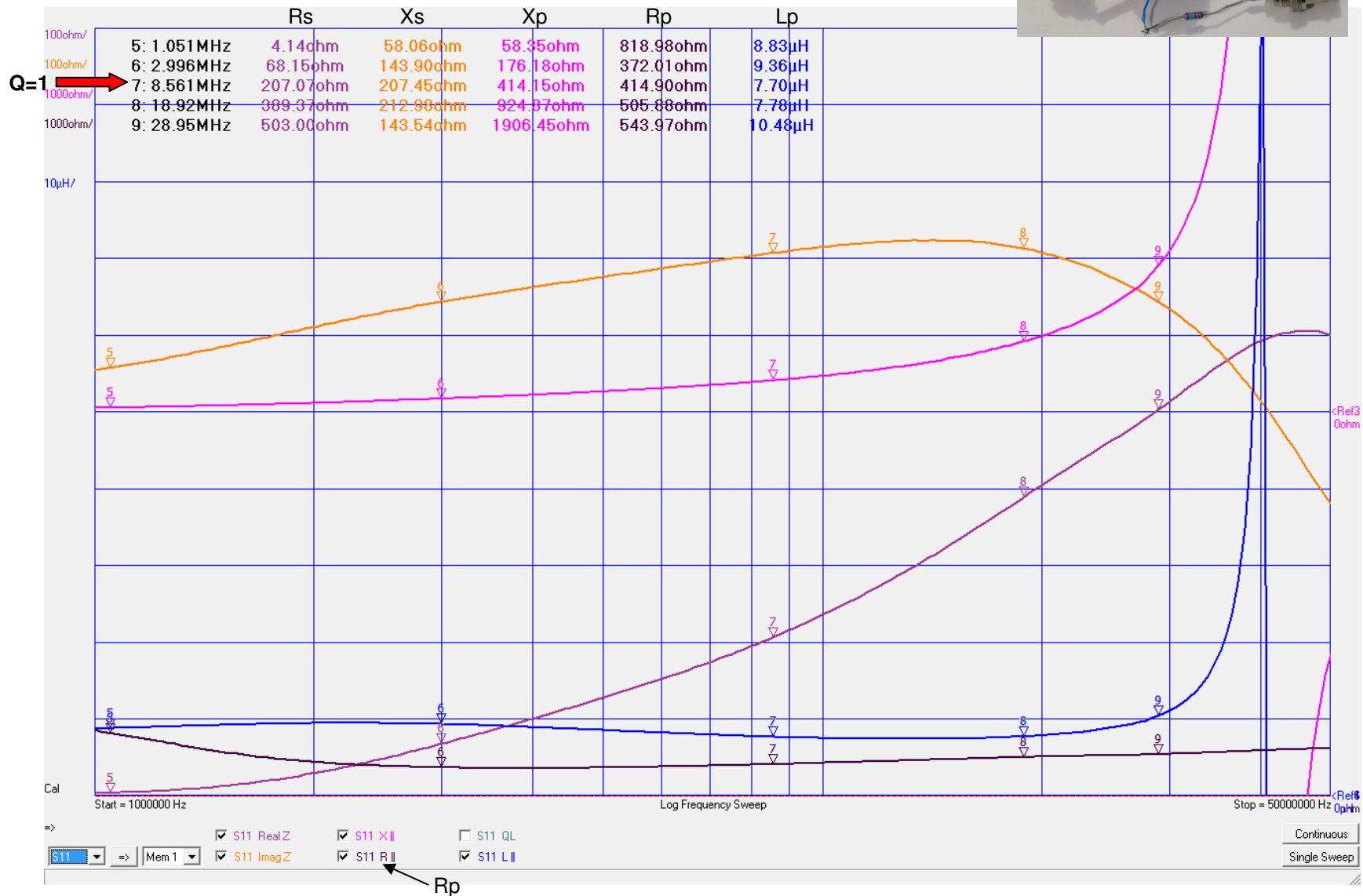
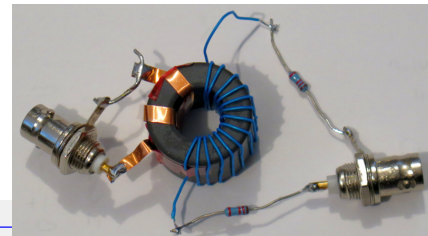
Ref: Inductors M and K Calculations.xls

## MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite SUPPRESSION Core One core 2 Turns #43 Material

# 2643102402 1.02 x 0.504 x 0.839 in.

1934-1066-ND \$3.47 cdn 109 ohms @ 25M 9.7 uH @ 2 T Ae=133.9 mm<sup>2</sup>.



## MEASURED RESPONSE

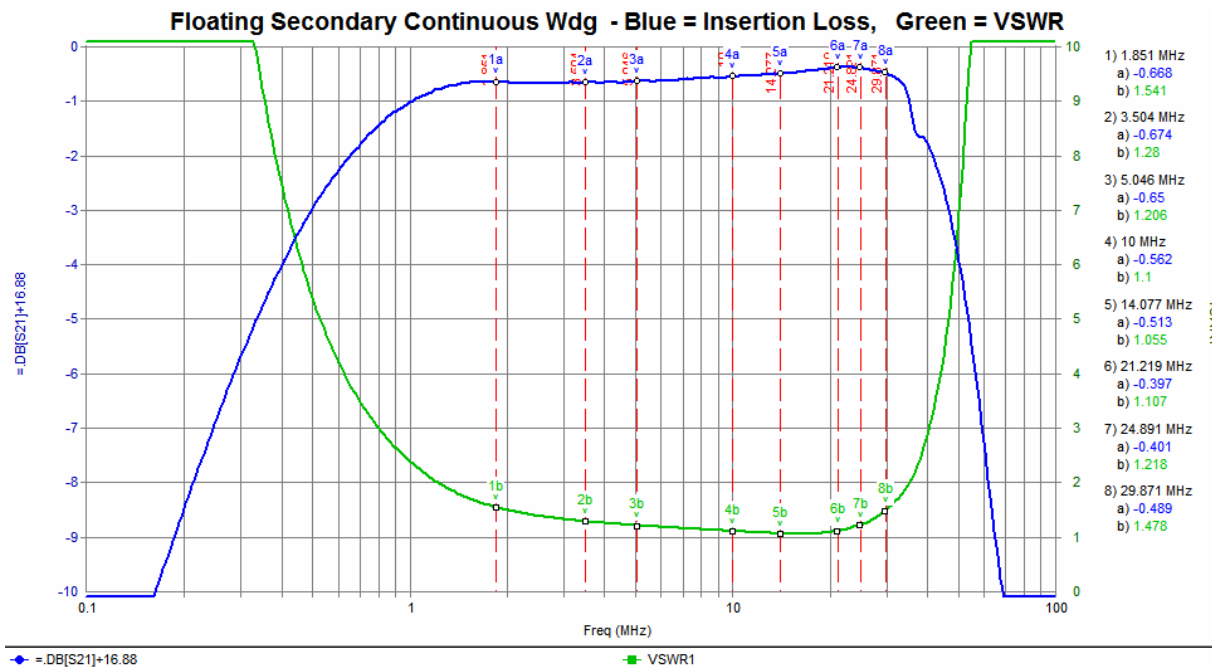
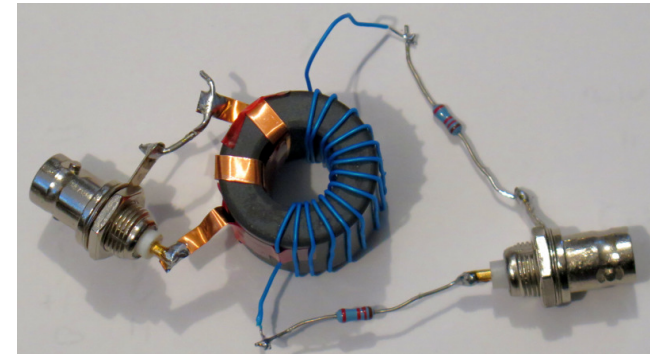
### FAIR-RITE # 2643102402 SUPPRESSION Core

Max power: 34 Watts @ 3.5 MHz

82 pF on primary

Floating Output-Continuous Secondary

ONE core only



Fair-Rite core  
 #2643102402  
 1.02 x 0.504 x 0.839 in.  
 43 material  $\mu = 800$

Low loss up  
 to 35 MHz

Low cost core  
 for HF QRP

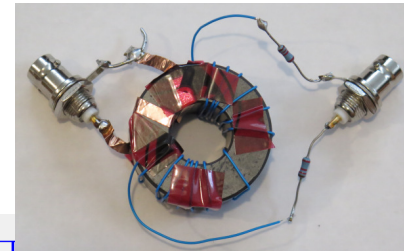
Ref.: UNUN 49to1-1cores-26wire-14a2Tours-FloatingSecondary-F-R 2643102402.wsp

## MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite SUPPRESSION Core One core 2 Turns #43 Material

# 2643251002 1.54 x 0.66 x .875 in. Ref core

1934-1079-ND \$12.69 cdn 160 ohms @ 25M 12 uH @ 2 T Ae=233.7 mm<sup>2</sup>.



## MEASURED RESPONSE

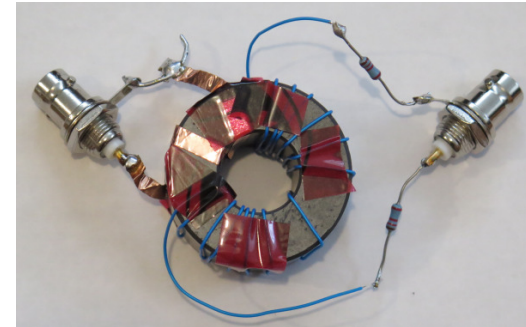
FAIR-RITE # 2643251002 SUPPRESSION Core

100 pF on primary

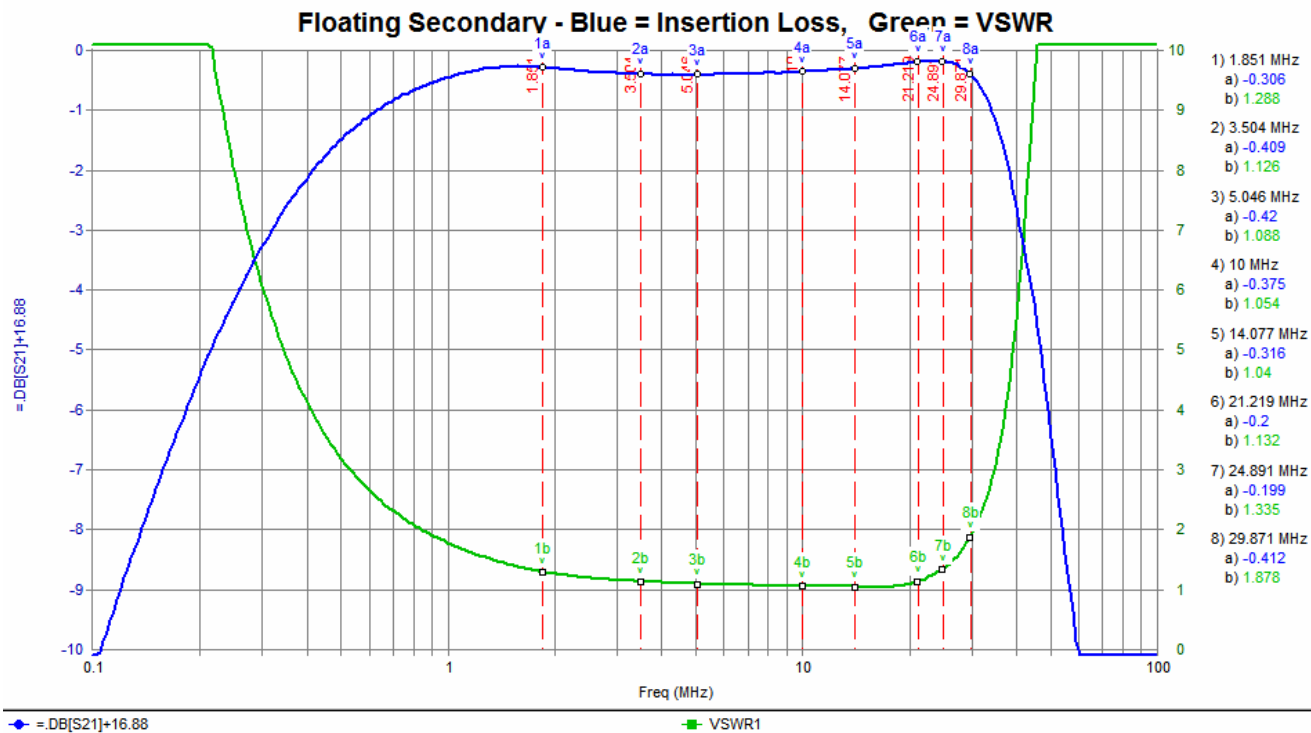
Max power: 117 Watts @ 3.5 MHz

Floating Output-Divided Secondary

**ONE core only**



Fair-Rite core  
#2643251002  
1.54 x 0.66 x .875 in.  
43 material  $\mu = 800$



Low loss up  
to 33 MHz

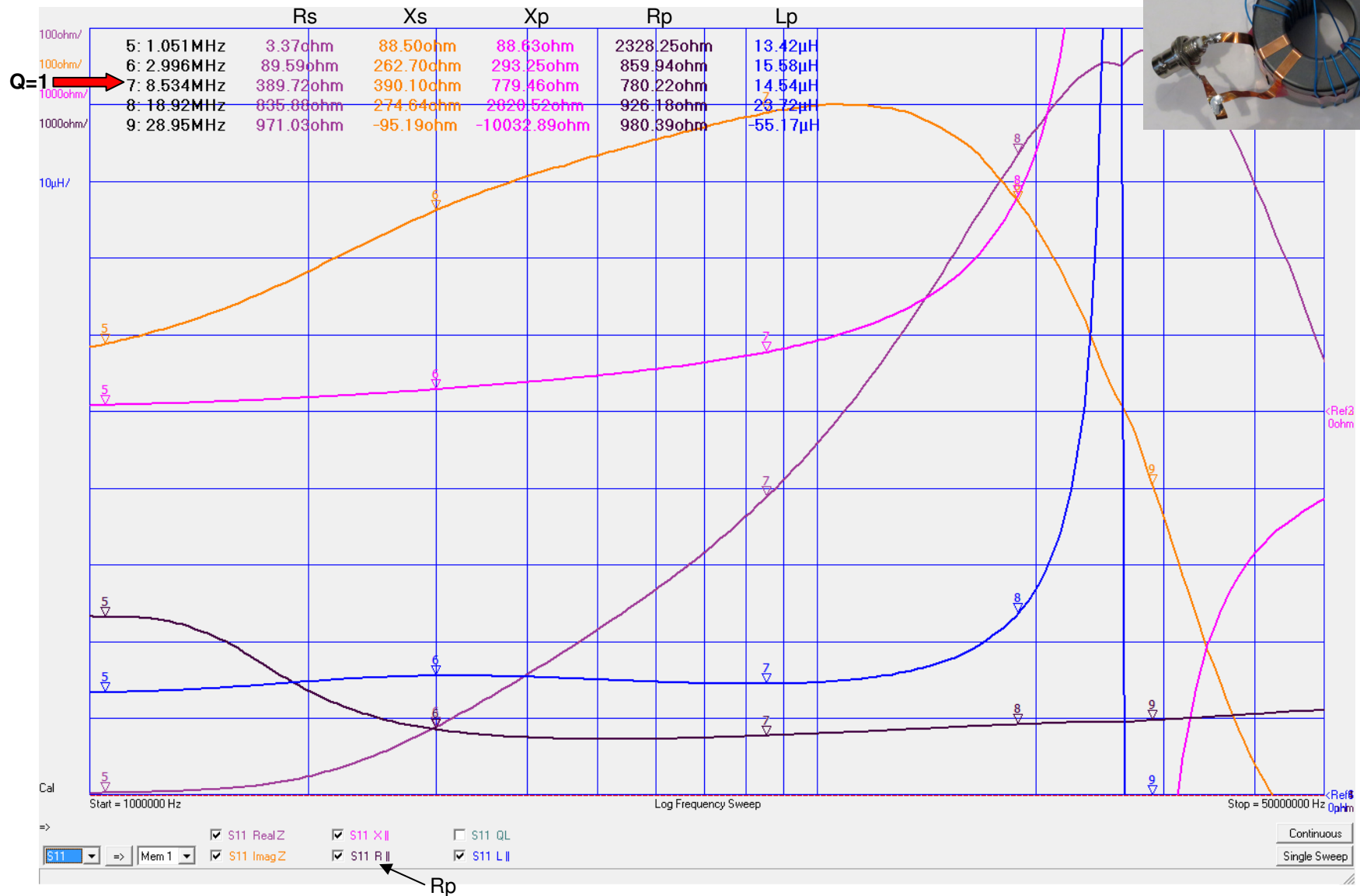
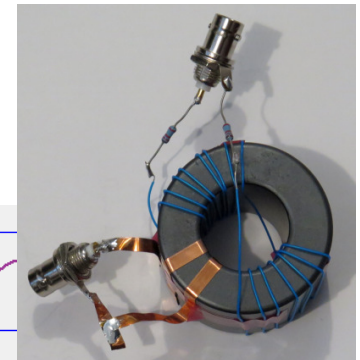
Low cost core  
for 100W HF SSB

# MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite SUPPRESSION Core One core 2 Turns #43 Material

# 2643626202 2 x 1 x 1.5 in.

1934-1125-ND \$24.79 cdn 193 ohms @ 25M 17 uH @ 2 T Ae=465 mm².





## MEASURED RESPONSE

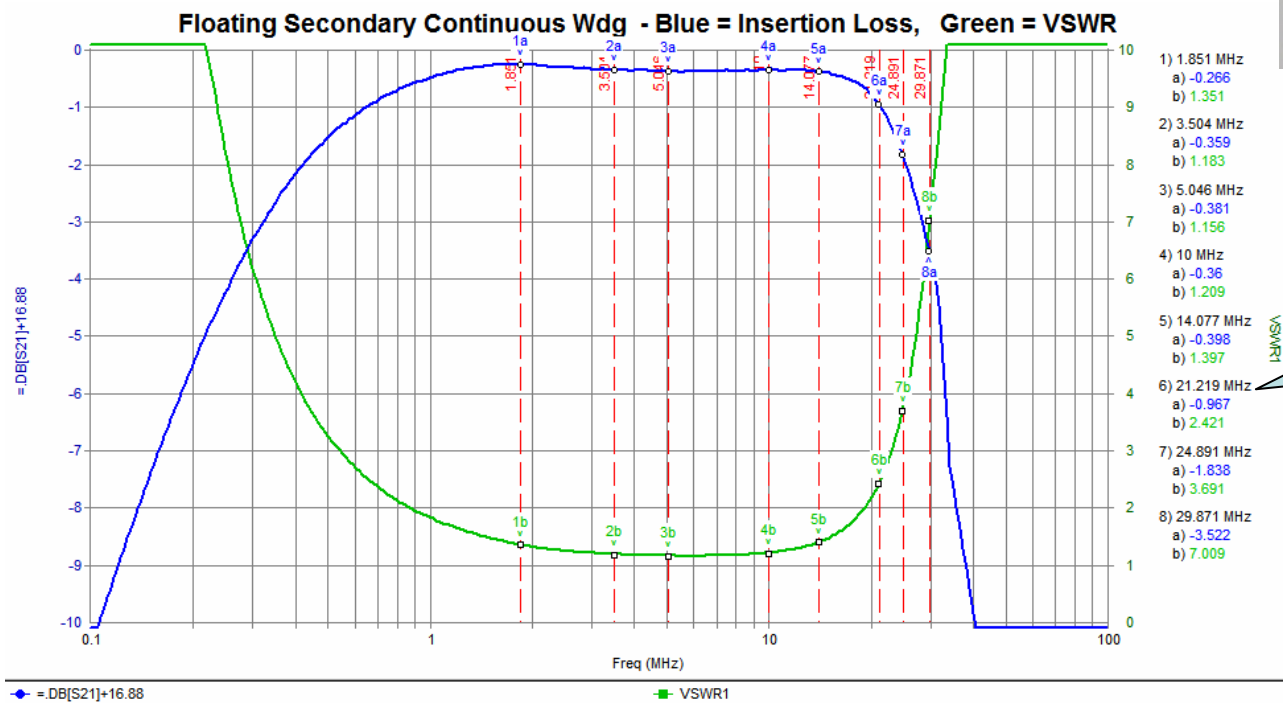
FAIR-RITE # 2643626202 SUPPRESSION Core

100 pF on primary

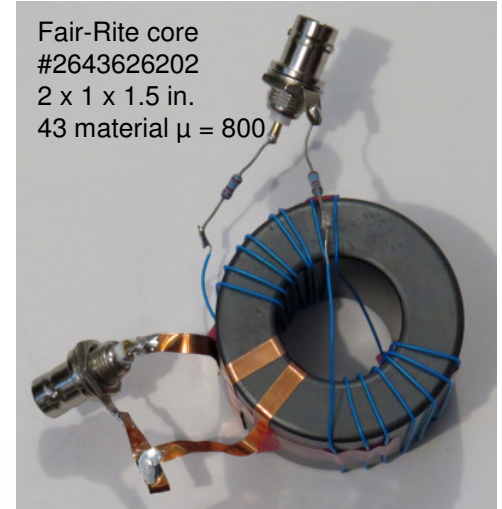
Floating Output-Divided Secondary

One core

Max power: 412 Watts @ 3.5 MHz



Fair-Rite core  
#2643626202  
2 x 1 x 1.5 in.  
43 material  $\mu = 800$



Low loss up  
to 21 MHz  
Large High  
power core

Ref.: UNUN 49to1-1cores-26wire-14a2Tours-FloatingSecondary-F-R 2643626202.wsp

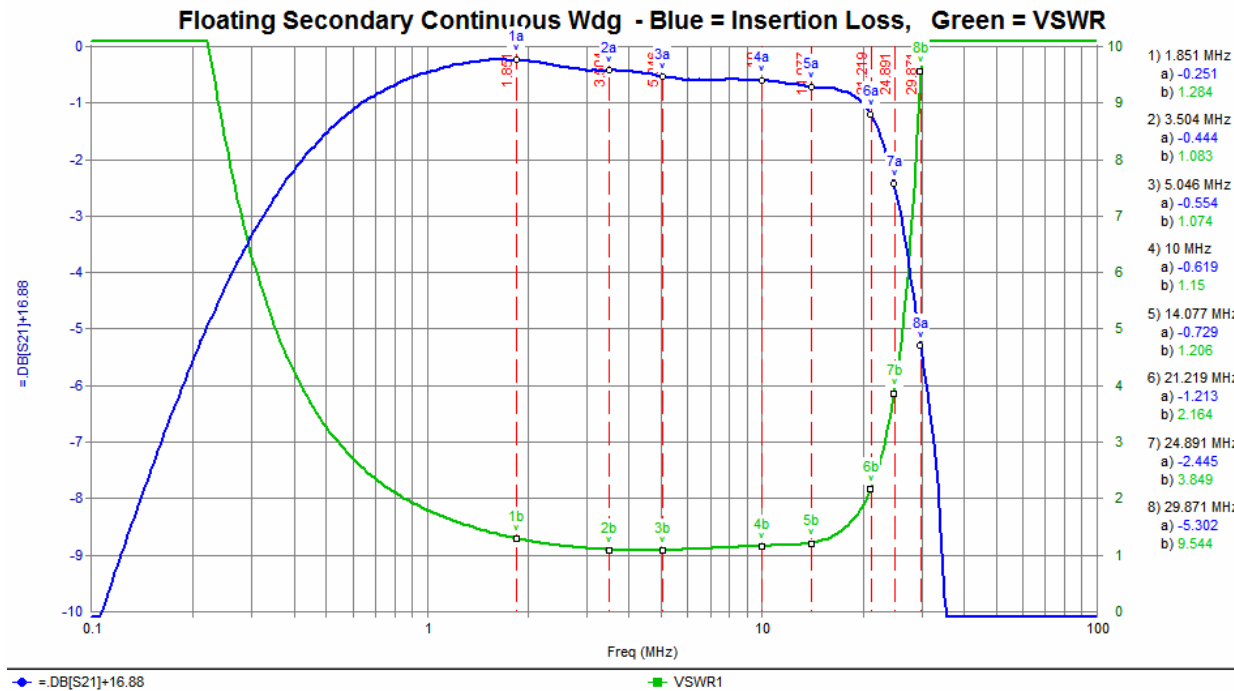
## MEASURED RESPONSE

FAIR-RITE # 2643626202 SUPPRESSION Core

120 pF on primary

Floating Output  
Wide Tape on secondary  
Max power: 412 Watts @ 3.5 MHz

Fair-Rite core  
#2643626202  
2 x 1 x 1.5 in.  
43 material  $\mu = 800$



Low loss up  
to 21 MHz  
Large High  
power core

Wide tape secondary  
does not help

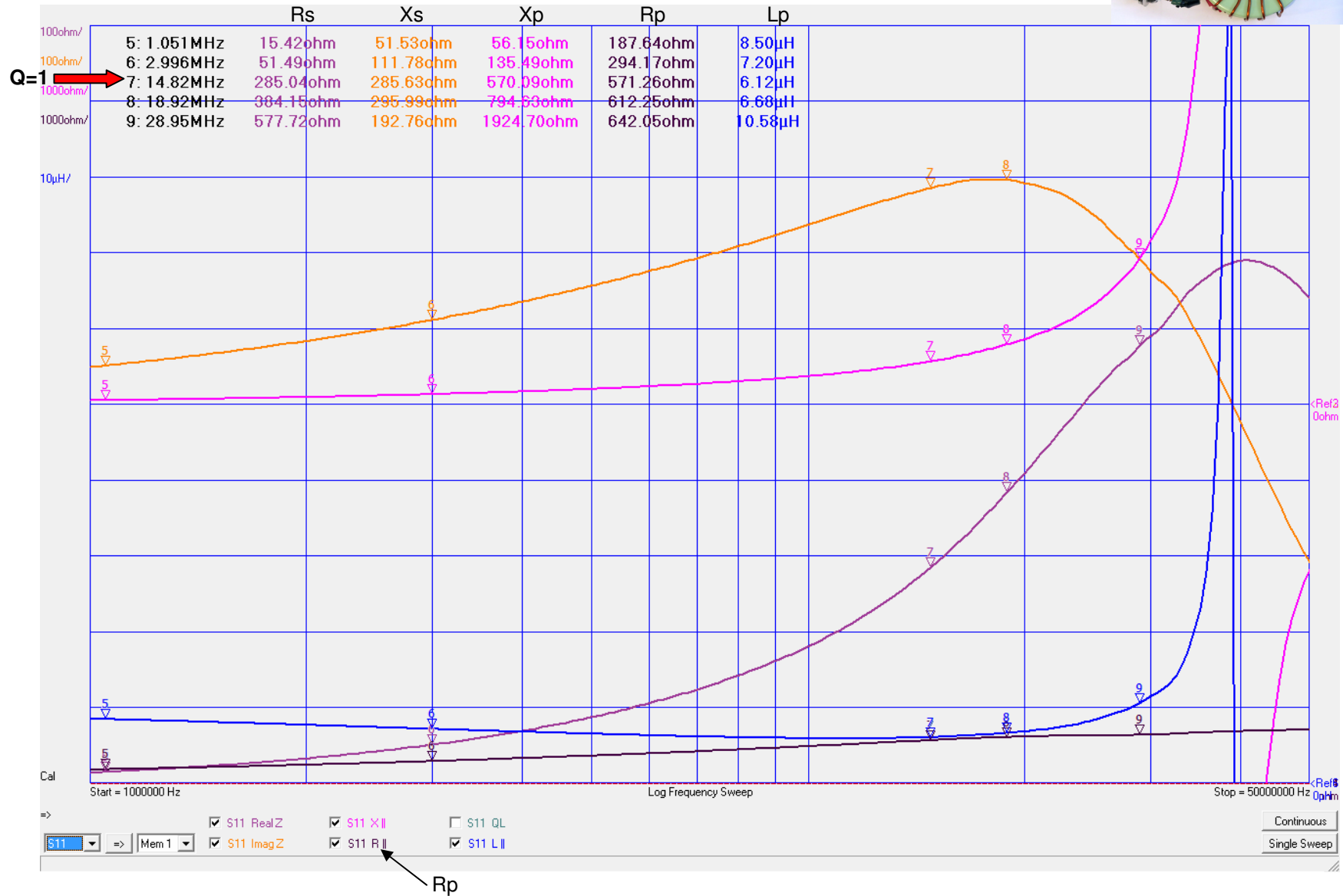
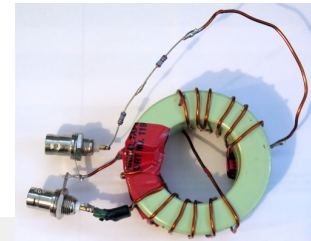
Ref.: UNUN 49to1-1cores-14a2Tours-FloatingSecondary-F-R 2643626202-WideTapeSecondary.wsp

## MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite INDUCTIVE CORES Toroid FT240-43 Two Cores, 2 turns

# 5943003801 2.4 x 1.4 x 0.5 in.

1934-1592-ND \$14.64 4.4 uH @ 2 T  $A_e = 158 \times 2 = 316 \text{ mm}^2$ .



## MEASURED RESPONSE

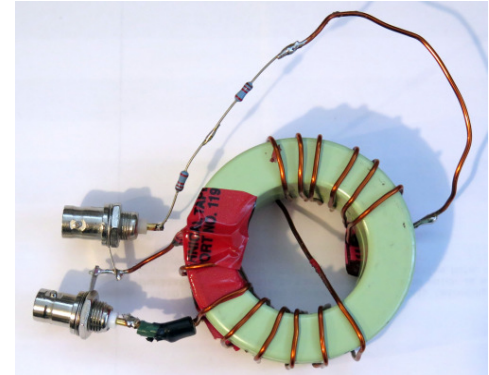
**FAIR-RITE # 5943003801 INDUCTIVE CORE Toroid FT240-43** Two Cores

2.4 x 1.4 x 0.5 in. each.

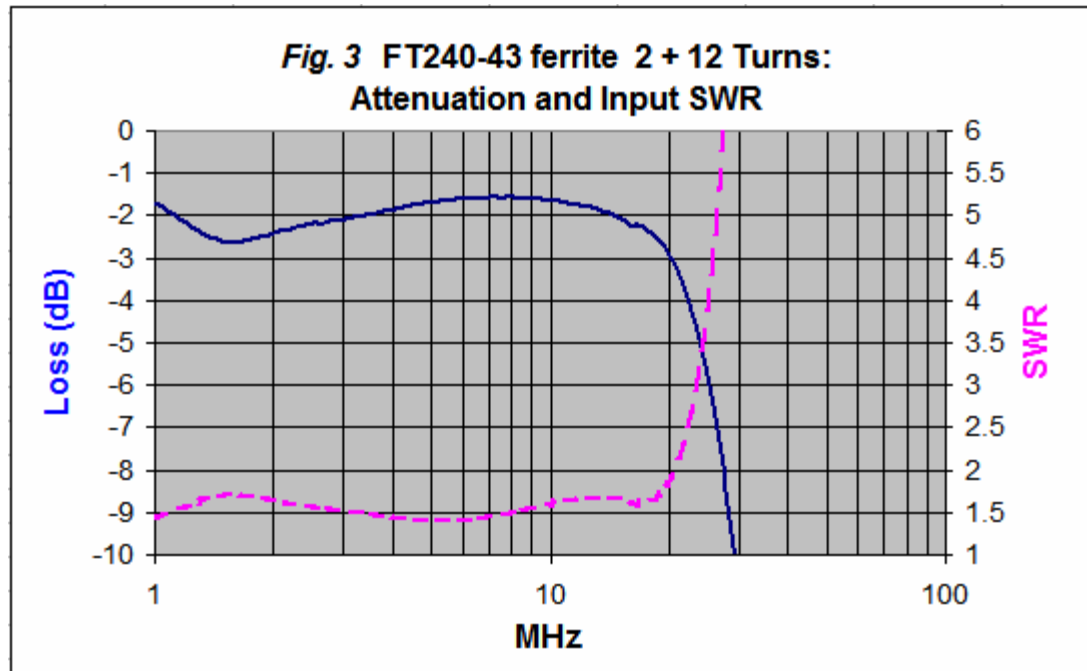
43 material  $\mu = 800$

Fair-Rite calls it an 'inductive component'

Max power: 190 Watts @ 3.5 MHz



Auto-transformer connection  
Split secondary



High Losses at both  
low and high  
frequencies

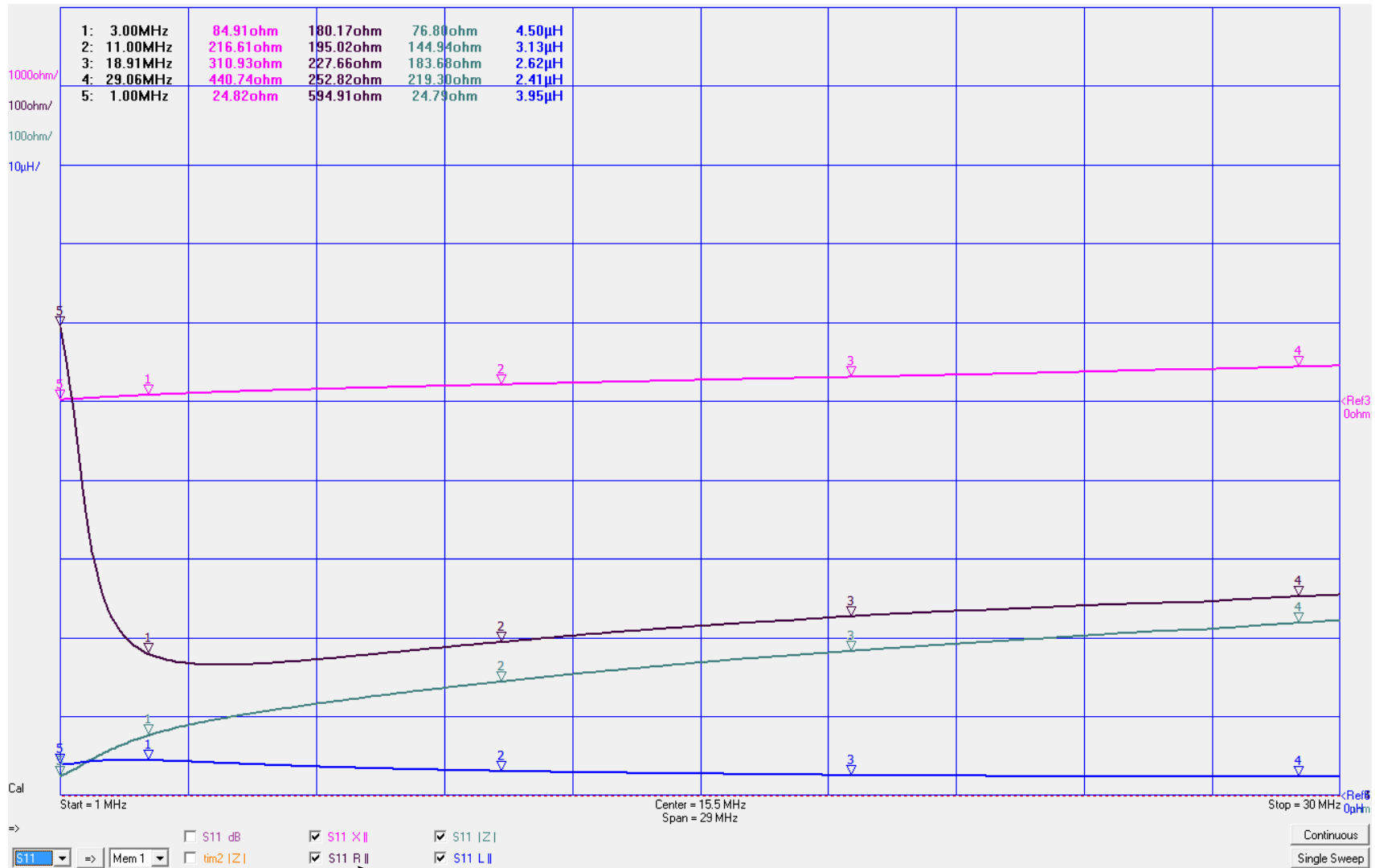
Not Recommended !

## MEASURED IMPEDANCE DATA

Fair-Rite INDUCTIVE CORES Toroid FT140-43 One Cores, 2 turns

# 5943002701 1.4 x 0.906 x 0.5 in. 43 material  $\mu = 800$

$A_e = 78 \text{ mm}^2$



Rp

## MEASURED RESPONSE

### FAIR-RITE FT140-43

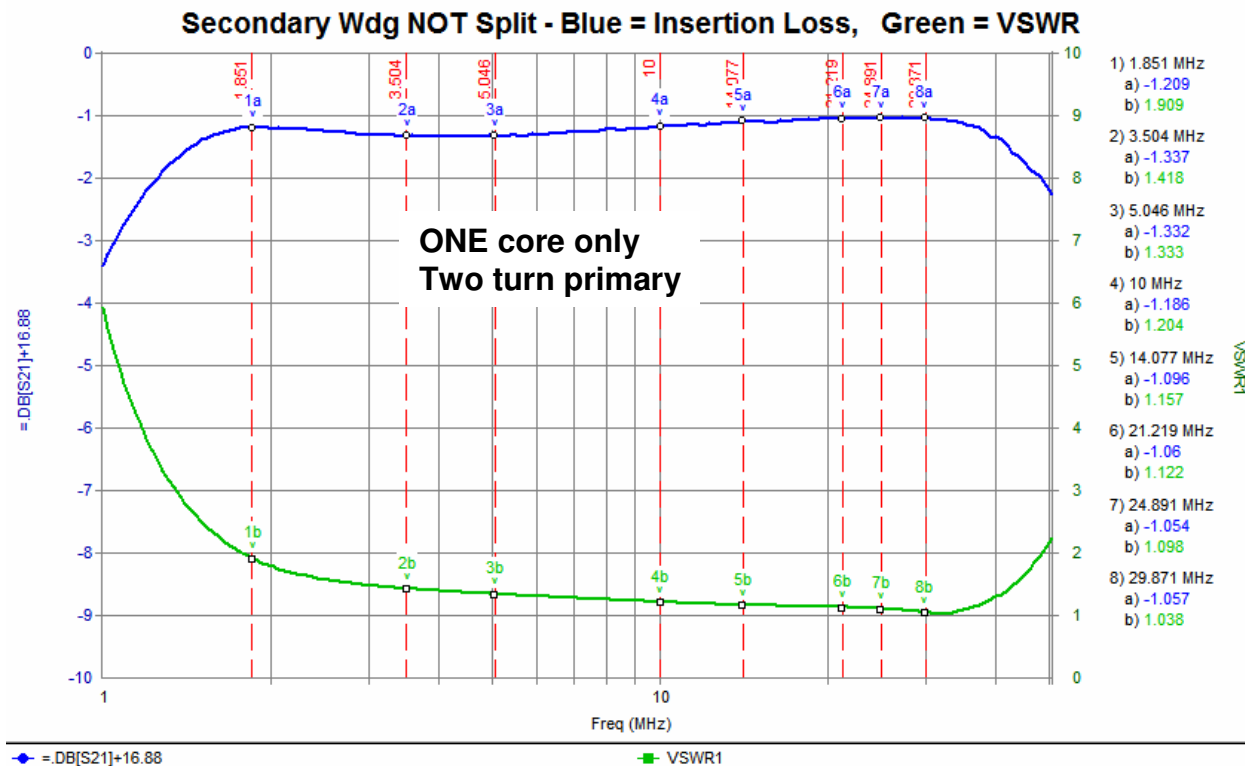
Fair-Rite calls it an 'inductive component'

68 pF in shunt on primary  
3900 pF in series

Max power: one core, 2 pri. turns = 12W @ 3.5 MHz,  
Max power: two cores, 3 pri. turns = 104W @ 3.5 MHz



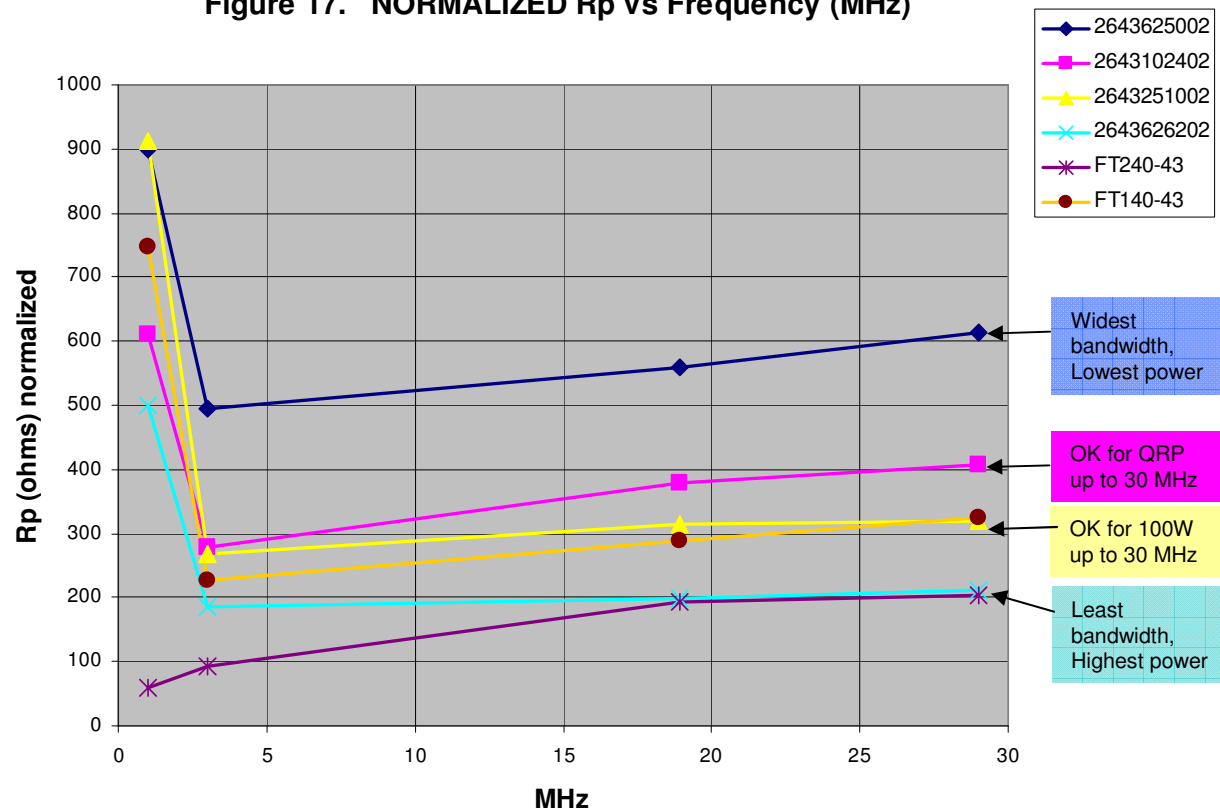
Fair-Rite core  
# 5943002701  
1.4 x 0.906 x 0.5 in.  
43 material  $\mu = 800$



Too much losses at  
both low and high  
frequencies

Not Recommended !

**Figure 17. NORMALIZED Rp vs Frequency (MHz)**



**NOTE:** Rp is the parallel component of the impedance

How I normalized the Rp:

$$Rp' = 100 * Rp / Ae$$

Where:

Rp' is the normalized Rp value  
Rp is the measured value for 2 turns  
Ae is the core cross section in mm<sup>2</sup>

Also applies to Z and Rs.

These comparisons are valid for the same material (#43 here)

- The normalized Rp gives the available Rp per its cross section area. High Rp values are desirable since they are in shunt with the input. Allows for comparison between cores of differing sizes.
- To decrease losses from 10 to 30 MHz: The normalized Rp and Z values should be above 300
- To decrease losses from 1 to 10 MHz: The normalized Rp should be above 150.
- The normalized Rp values seems to be a more sensitive indicator than Z. These are not to be used for loss calculations.
- Impedance data was measured with a 2 turn coil, made of copper strip, without secondary winding.

The 59 cores (Inductive components) are rated for inductance and loss factor whereas the 26 cores (suppression components) are rated/optimized for higher frequency impedance. They are made from the same material, (#43) but with a different recipe.

## Comments

**From the above measurements, comparing type 43 suppression cores to the FT240-43 toroid...**

Note:  $R_p$  is the parallel resistance, as obtained from the measured impedance data.  $R_s$  is the series resistance.

All above suppression cores have **decreasing**  $R_p$  at from 1 to 5 MHz:

The  $R_p$  ratio: 3 MHz / 1 MHz of suppression cores is around 0.4

The toroid has its  $R_p$  **increasing** with frequency from 1 to 5 MHz:

The  $R_p$  ratio: 3 MHz / 1 MHz of the FT240-43 toroid is around 1.5

The  $R_s$  ratio: 3 MHz / 1 MHz of suppression cores is around 23

The  $R_s$  ratio: 3 MHz / 1 MHz of the FT240-43 toroid is around 3.3

The above suppression cores have their  $Q = 1$  frequency from: 5.9 to 9.14 MHz

The above FT240-43 toroid had its  $Q = 1$  frequency =14.8 MHz

The suppression cores give 20 % to 80 % higher impedance than the FT240-43 toroid from 1 to 30 MHz, EVEN if the material is specified as being the same (#43).

The normalized  $R_p$  value may be used to predict and compare the losses above 10 MHz.

Higher  $R_p$  means lower losses. The normalized  $R_p$  should not be used for loss calculations.

In general type 43 material suppression cores are desirable for broadband transformers since they exhibit higher  $R_p$  and for powers below 150 watts approximately.